Malvern Primary School-Science Curriculum—Love to Investigate Links Key: Included in LE Stand alone Unit

Aspect	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Autumn 1	Into the Woods	Marvellous Mixtures	Ages Ago!	The Sound Collector	Walk like an Egyptian	We'll Meet Again: Sandbags & Sirens
	FOCUS: Plants (B) Seasons (P)	FOCUS: Everyday materials (C)	FOCUS: Light (P)	FOCUS: Sound (P)	FOCUS: Materials (C)	FOCUS: Human body (B)
	Are all leaves the same?	What shape is a bubble?	What are sunglasses for?	How far can sound travel?	Why does milk go off?	What can your heart rate tell you?
Autumn 2		Fire Fire!	Extreme Earth	Route 66	The Sky at Night	Mayan Mysteries
		Animals including humans (B)	FOCUS: Rocks (C)	FOCUS: Electricity (P)	FOCUS: Earth & space (P) How do rockets lift off?	FOCUS: Light (P)
		How do germs spread?	How do fossils form? YES	What conducts electricity?	Why do planets have craters?	Is green really green?
Spring 1			There are places I'll remem-	Journey Through the Human	Terrible Tudors?	Call of the Wild
			ber FOCUS: Human body (B)	Body. FOCUS: Animals including	FOCUS: Forces (P)	FOCUS: Living things and their habitats (B)
			What are our joints for?	humans B) How does toothpaste protect teeth?	Why are zip wires so fast?	Where do wild plants grow?
Spring 2		Shipmate, Navigate!	Iron Man	Why Rome was not Built in a	When I Grow Up	Creative Curations
		Nσ science	FOCUS: Forces & magnets (P)	Day FOCUS: Living things and their	FOCUS: Animals including humans (B)	FOCUS: Light (P)
			Why do magnets attract and repel?	habitats (B) What do squirrels eat?	Do we slow down as we get older?	What is a reflection?
Summer 1	Memory Makers	Critique Creatures	Circle of Life	A Norman Conquest	Cool Chemistry	This Me
	FOCUS: Seasons (P)	FOCUS: Living things and their habitats (B)	FOCUS: Plants (B) Is it safe to eat?	FOCUS: Animals including humans (B)	FOCUS: Materials (C) What materials conduct heat?	FOCUS: Evolution and inheritance (B)
		What is the lifecycle of a butter- fly?	What are flowers for?	Can worms sense danger?	Why does a compass always point north?	How does inheritance work?
Summer 2	All Creatures Great and Small	Plant a little seed	Ancient Greek legacy	Mountain High	Fantastic Beasts	Back to the Future
	FOCUS: Animals including humans (B)	FOCUS: Plants (B)	FOCUS: Animals including	FOCUS: States of matter (C)	FOCUS: Living things and their habitats (B)	FOCUS: Electricity / Light (P)
	What is camouflage? Investigation	How do plants grow in different environments?	How do worms move?	Why does it flood?	What is the lifecycle of a mealworm?	Can fruit light a bulb?

Malvern Primary School-Science Curriculum (Working Scientifically)



Aspect	Foundation Stage	Year1 & Year2	• Year 3 & Year 4	• Year 5 & Year 6		
Working Scientifically Vocabulary	I can make sense of my physical world and my community through exploration. I can Make observations and drawings I can explore similarities and differences between the natural world around me and contrasting environments. I am beginning to ask simple scientific questions. I can Explore changes.	 I can ask simple scientific questions and I recognise that they can be answered in different ways. I can use simple equipment to make observations and identify and classify things. I can perform simple tests. I can identify and classify I can use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. I can gather and record data to help answer questions 	 I can use observations and knowledge to ask and answer different types of enquiries. I can set up a simple enquiry to explore a question. I can set up a test to compare two things. I can make careful and accurate observations. I can record, classify and present data in different ways. I can set up a fair test and explain why. I can use equipment to make measurements. I can record findings using scientific language, drawings, diagrams, keys, bar charts and tables. I can report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. I can use results, to draw conclusions, suggest improvements and raise further questions. I can identify similarities and differences in processes. I can use scientific evidence to answer questions / support findings. Accurate, bar chart, comparative test, conclusion, data logger, evidence, microscope, present, results, secondary sources, thermometers, prediction, measurement, enquiry, dependent variable, independent variable, fair test, similar, theory, hypothesis, classify,	 I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate. I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs. I can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and a degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations. I can identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. I can use the outcome of test results to make predictions and set up a further comparative fair test. I can explain casual relationships in an enquiry. Casual relationship, classification key, classify, controlled variable, degree of trust, dependent variable, independent variable, keys, precision, scatter graphs, variables, line graph, relationship, outlier 		

<u>Malvern Primary School-Science Curriculum Progression</u>

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Aspect	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Physics	Weather I can understand that the weather changes and recognise the daily weather.	Weather I can describe the daily weather.	Seasonal Changes I can observe changes across the four seasons. I can observe and describe weather changes in rela- tion to seasons and vary- ing day length. I can correctly sequence the seasons. I can compare similarities and differences between seasons. I can discuss the climate during each season. Aut, Spr1, Sum1		Light I can understand light is needed to see and reflects from surfaces and dark is absence of light. I have an awareness of dangers of sun light. I can recognise how shadows are formed, finding patterns in size. Aut Forces and magnets I can explore friction and movement on different surfaces. I can explain how magnetic forces act at a distance. Observe magnets attracting and repelling materials. I can identify and name some magnetic materials. Group materials in relation to magnetic attraction. Predict and describe how magnetic poles attract and repel. Spr2	Sound Explore how vibrations make sound and they travel through the air. Find patterns between: Pitch and object features that created the sound and volume and strength of vibrations. Explore how volume changes over distance. Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear. Aul Electricity Identify electric appliances Construct and identify a simple series circuit. Explore lighting a lamp dependent on a complete loop. Understand how switches work. Recognise some common conductors and insulators. Au2	Explain the force of gravity pulling towards Earth. Describe effects of, friction, air & water resistance,. Explore levers, pulleys and gears having a greater effect due to smaller force. Spr1 Earth and Space Describe movement of Earth and planets relative to the sun. Describe movement of the Moon. Describe the sun, earth and moon as approximately spherical bodies. Explain the Earth's rotation in relation to day and night. Aut2	Light Understand how light travels fin a straight line for us to see ob- jects that give out/ reflect light. Explain how light helps us see. Explore shadow for- mation Aut2/Spr2/Sum2 Electricity Construct complex circuits using a range of components, identi- fying and correcting errors. Explore changes in circuits through vary- ing components. Use recognised sym- bots in a diagram. Explain how voltage of cells changes bright- ness of lamps and volumes of a buzzer. Sum2	
Chemistry	Everyday materials To identify and name colours Aul	States of Matter Explore colour mixing, Aul States of Matter To observe how chocolate melts and water freezes. Sum1	Everyday materials Distinguish between an object and the material it's made from. Identify and name a range of materials (wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock) Describe the physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. Compare and group materials according to physical properties. I can test which materials float and sink. I can determine which materials are absorbent. Spr2	Uses of every day materials. Identify/compare the uses of a variety of everyday materials including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses. Find out how the shapes of solid objects mad e from some materials can be changed by squashing, hending, twisting and stretching. I can identify if these changes are reversible or irreversible. I can explain how materials are used for more than one thing. I can explore if materials can be adaptable or not. I can compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials for particular uses. A1, Sp1	Rocks Compare and group various rocks based on appearance and physical properties. Explain fossil formation including why they are generally formed from sedimentary rock. Understand soils are made from rocks and organic matter. I can explain what happens when rocks cause resistance, including what changes occur in water. Au2	States of matter Compare and group solids, liquids and gases. Understand changing of states when being heated or cooled, measuring temperatures. Explore the water cycle and the part of condensation and evaporation. Sum 2	Properties of materials Compare/group materials based on properties. Explain the property difference of solids, liquids and gases and how states can be changed Explore how solutions are created through dissolving. Explore which materials conduct heat and why Explore forms of separating mixtures. Give uses of everyday materials based on fair tests. Demonstrate dissolving, mixing and reversible changes Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of sorda. Auti Sumi		

Malvern Primary School-Science Curriculum Progression

Aspect	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Biology	Animals To name a range of woodland, farm and zoo animals. Aut2/Sum2 Plants To observe how flowers grow Spg 2 / Sum 1 Plants To name a range of common and exotic fruits. Sum 2 Humans Begin to recognise that people get older on their birthdays. Spg 2	Animals To explain that some animals are different (noctumal/diumal) To explore how fam yard animals have similarities and differences. Aut2/Sum2 Plants To observe how seeds grow Spg. 2 / Sum 1 Plants To name a range of vegetables. Sum 1 Humans To explain how they have grown and changed. Spg. 2	Plants Identify / name common wild/garden plants including deciduous and evergreen trees. Describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants including trees. Aut Animals, including humans Name common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals Identify/name common animals that are camivores, herbivores and omnivores. Describe/compare structure of common animals, including how their teeth have adapted. I can name animals which camouflage and explain how this adaptation helps. Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human and say which body part links to each sense. I can use my senses to explore and identify sounds, smells and textures. Au2 & Sum2	Living things and their habitats Explore and compare differences between living, dead and never alive. Identify suitable habitats, describing how they provide for basic needs for animals/plants and how these depend on each other. Identify plants/animals in their habitats including microhabitats. Use a simple food chain to show animals obtain food from plants and other animals. I can identify different sources of food. Using a classification key I can sort minibeasts according to their appearance, habitat and travel. I can explain how different minibeasts adapt their appearance and state what other animals use camouflage. Sumi Plants Observe and describe growth of seeds/bulbs using appropriate vocabulary. I can experiment how seeds grow in different environments. Describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperate to grow healthy. I can explain how different plants are suited to their habitats. Sum2 Animals, including humans Notice animals/humans Notice animals/humans have offspring. Identify the different stages of human growth. I can identify the stages of growth of a butterfly and other animals. A2, Sumil Describe basic needs for survival and the importance of exercise, healthy eating (water, food and air) and hygiene. A2	Plants Describe functions of parts of flowering plants (root, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers). Explore what is required for life and growth and how they can vary. Investigate water transportation in plants. I can explore where plants and animals get their energy from. Explore plant life cycle (pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal). I can explain the different ways that plants disperse their seeds. Suml Animals, including humans. Identify humans and some animals have skeletons/muscles for movement, protection and support. Identify that animals and humans needs the right types of nutrition (from what they eat). Spr1 Sum2	Animals, including humans Describe basic functions of human digestive system. Identify types of teeth and their functions. Construct and interpret a variety of food chains. Spr1 Sum 1 Living things and their habitats Group living things in various ways. Use classification keys to group and identify living things in the environment. Understand how environ- ments change and dangers to living things. Describe how animals have adapted to live in moun- tainous climates Explain how zonation of plant life shows physical geography of the world Spr2/Su2	Living things and their habitats Describe difference in life cycle of a mammal, amphibian, insect and bird. Describe reproduction in plants and animals (difference between sexual and asexual reproduction Explore the life cycle of flowering and non flowering plants. Describe the importance of bees to plant production. Investigate how plants can be grown form parts of other plants. Sp2/Sum2 Animals, including humans. Describe changes of humans as they grow old. Sp2/Sum2	Living things and their habitats Explore what plant and animal species are found in polar regions. Describe classification according to common observable characteristics including microorganisms, plants and animals. Give reasons for classifying based on characteristics. Construct food chains and webs based on animals found in the polar regions Sprl Animals, including humans Describe functions of human circulatory system, heart, blood vessels and blood. Understand impact of health choices. Explore nutrient transportation. Aul Evolution and inheritance Explain change of time using fossils. Identify vary in offspring produced by living things. Explore adaptation leading to evolution in plants and animals, including adaptation due to climate change and global warming Sum1

Malvern Primary School – Science Curriculum Vocabulary

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Aspect	Nursery,	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Physics	Weather - hot, sunny, cold, wet, snow, rain, hail, rainbow and thunderstorm	Weather - hot, sunny, cold, freezing, wet, snow, rain, hail, cloudy, mist, rainbow and thunderstorm	Seasons - Seasons, temperature, hot, cold, freezing, melting, sun, clouds, cloudy, frost, sleet, weather, wind, snow, ice, lightning, thunder, fog, mist, hail, rainbow, day, length, daylight, change, autumn, winter, spring, summer. Au1, Spr1, & Sum1		Light - Light source, darkness, image, mirror, reflect, opaque, translucent, transparent, shadow, labelled diagram, data logger, fair test. Aul Magnetics and Forces - Forces - magnetic, non - magnetic, pole, north, south, gravity, friction, resist, attraction, repulsion. Spr2	Sound - particle, vibration, percussion instrument, wind instrument, string instrument, prequency, volume, pitch, vacuum, bass, tune, sound source, fainter, muffle Autl Electricity - Appliances, electricity, electrical circuit, cells, wires, bulbs, switches, motors, buzzers, battery, loop, conductors, insulators, components, precautions and safety Aut2	Earth and space - planet, satellite, sphere, solar system, eclipse, star, universe, constel- lation, axis, celestial body, Moon, rotating, lunar, solar, telescope, rotation, dwarf planet, astronomical clocks, shadow clocks, sundi- als Aut2 Forces - acceleration, air resistance, buoyan- cy, effort, force meter, gravity, mass, New- ton, pivot, rigid, gears, lever, friction, pulley, unsupported, water resistance, weight, mechanism Spr1	Light - angle of incidence, angle of reflection, refraction, spectrum, translucent, periscope Au2/Spg2/Sum2 Electricity series circuit, parallel circuit, resistance, voltage, terminal, loose connection, component Sum2
Chemistry	Materials - Colour Red, yellow, pink, green, orange, purple, blue, white. Au1	States of Matter - Colour, mix, consolidate and extend colours from Nursery, describe, test, explain, explore, compare, test, freeze, melt, describe, explain, explore, change, hot, cold Aul / Sum1	Materials - Material, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, properties, object, group, hard/soft, stretchy/stiff, shiny/ dull, rough/smooth, bendy/not bendy, waterproof/not water- proof, absorbent/not absorbent, opaque/ transparent Spr2	Materials - material, shape, solid, change, squash, bend, twist, stretch , purpose, object, suitability, purpose, use, wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper, cardboard A1, Sp1	Rocks - extinction, igneous, metamorphic, sedimentary, palaeon-tologist, weathering, molten rock, crust, tectonic plates, scavengers, fossil, decay, matter, observation and fair test.Au2	States of matter - bond, condensation, evaporation, reversible, boiling point, melting, point, liquid, gas, thermometer, water cycle, continuous pre- cipitation, transpira- tion, surface run off process, sublimation, granular, water cycle, water vapour Sum 2	Materials - Hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity waterproof, absorbent, opaque, transparent, translucent, texture, conduct, insulate, electrical, magnetic. Solids, liquids, gases, substance, separated, powder, filtering, sieving, reversible, irreversible state, burning. Change state, melting, freezing, boiling, dissolve, soluble, insoluble, solvent, solute, solution, saturation, thermal, chemistry, change state, condensing, particle, residue, rusting, and thermal conductivity Aut1/Sum1	

Malvern Primary School – Science Curriculum Vocabulary

Aspect	Nursery	Reception	Year1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Biology	Animals inc humans - pig, cow, cockerel, sheep, donkey, ta- rantula, owl, ham- ster, hedgehog, rab- bit, giraffe, camel, elephant, lion, snake, monkey, frog, grow, tall, change, younger and older. Au2 & Sum2 Plants - Flowers, change, different, same, wa- ter, sun, soil, Man- goes, pineapples, banana, guava, avo- cado, passion fruit And tangerine Spg2/Sum1	Animals inc humans - tarantula, owl, ham- ster, hedgehog, rab- bit, noctumal, diur- nal, different, paws, hooves, large, soft, small, tall, short, sheep, lamb, donkey, Cockerel Dear, Cow, calf, Pig, Piglet, goose, bearded dragon, snake, change, grow, tall, short, baby, child and adult Au2 & Sum2 Plants - Seed, sun, water, soil, enquire, describe, explain, explore, flower, tree, cabbage, leek, pota- toes, onions, carrots, beetroot, cauliflower and broccoli. Au1	Animals inc humans - Carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, skeleton, fossil, teeth, ani- mal , similar, different, extinct. humans, animals, senses, compare, similar, different, birds, fish, mammals, reptiles, amphibians, pets, groups, describe, structure, camou- flage, body parts. Au2 & Sum2 Plants - living, envi- ronment, garden, wild, flowers, blos- som, plant, tree, structure, roots, stem, leaves, petals, fruit, trunk, branch, bulb, seed, similar, differ- ent, bark, blossom, evergreen, deciduous, oak, holly, pine. Au1	Living things and their habitats- habitat, microhabitat, shelter, energy, food chain, source, environment, depend, living, alive, dead, non-living, needs, plant, animal, healthy Sum1 Plants bulb, seed, temperature, shoot, growth, seedling, compare, describe, equipment, gather, measure, results, similarities, sort, observe, test, magnify glass, object, record, deciduous, evergreenSum2 Animals inc humans—reproduction, offspring, adult, baby, toddler, teenager, elderly, basic needs, hygiene, exercise, medicine, survival, healthy, balanced diet, food, air, water, nutrition, growth, egg, caterpillar, pupa, butterfly. Sp2	Plants—Leaves, flowers, blossom, fruit, roots, seed, trunk, branches, stem, sepal, petal, stigma, style, anther, ovary, ovule Air, light, water, nutrients, soil, Pol- len, pollination, seed formation, dispersal, reproduce Sum1 Animals, including humans — , Humans, food, feeding, bal- anced, diet, carbo- hydrates, proteins, fats, vitamins, min- erals, fibre, water. Classify, skeleton, support, protection, vertebrate, inverte- brate, exoskeleton, hydrostatic skeleton, muscles, tendons, joints. Spr1 Humans, food, feed- ing, balanced, diet, fibre, proteins, fats, vitamins, minerals, water, classify, car- bohydrates, skeleton, support, protection, vertebrate, inverte- brate, exoskeleton, hydrostatic skeleton, hydrostatic skeleton, hydrostatic skeleton, muscles, tendons, joints Sum2	Animals inc humans - digestion, digestive system, excretion, anus, , small intestine, stomach, rectum, oesophagus, tongue, saliva, acid, bile, enzymes, incisors, canines, molars, premolar, chew, grind, cut, Producer, predator, prey, food chain, identify, image, carnivores, herbivores, interpret, human Spr1 Sum1 Living things and their habitats - Classification, key, vertebrate, invertebrate, hydrostatic skeleton, amphibian, fish, reptile, bird, mammal, impact, habitat, environment, endangered, extinct, conservation, wildlife. Spr2	Liwing things and their habitats - life cycle, life span, embryo, womb, weaned, adolescence, metamorphosis, pupa, larva, chrysalis, caterpillar, tadpole, hatchling, fledgling, insect, asexual, germination, plantlets, reproduction, sexual, stamen, stigma, plantlet, fertilisation, filament, anther, sepal, ovary, ovule Spr2 /Sum2	Living things and their habitats - micro- organism, virus, thorax, arthropod, abdomen, arachnid, antenna, jointed limbs, crustacean, fungus, mollusc evolve species, food chain and food web. Spr1 Evolution - evolution, natural selection, variation, advantageous, adaptation, characteristics, fossils, offspring. DNA inheritSum1 Animals inc humans - Pulse, artery, vein, capillary, circulation, red blood cells, white blood cells, platelets. nutrition, carbohydrate, fat, protein, vitamins, small intestine, medicines, alcohol, tobacco, illegal drugs. Au1