



Unit Purpose

The unit of work will enable pupils to **explore** moving with a ball using their feet.

Pupils will develop their technique of **dribbling** the ball and understand where and why we dribble, **keeping control**.

Inspire Me

Did you know... that India withdrew from the FIFA World Cup in 1950 because they were not allowed to play in bare feet. We must always wear the right footwear to remain safe when playing sport.



Key Success Criteria

- P** Pupils will develop their ability to dribble the ball keeping control. Pupils will move the ball into spaces avoiding any defenders.
- C** Pupils will apply developing concentration skills as they focus on the ball and listen to all the instructions.
- S** Pupils will develop life skills such as fairness and empathy as they encourage and support each other.
- W** Pupils will apply their skills with developing success as they demonstrate courage and self belief to keep working as hard as possible.

Vocabulary for Learning

Attacker: We are considered an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of the ball or in control of the ball. Our aim is to keep the ball away from the defenders.

Defender: We are considered a 'defender' when we are not in possession of the ball. The aim of the game for the defenders is to try and prevent the attackers from scoring.

Space: is an open area on the pitch that is unoccupied by a defender or the defending team. The attacker in possession of the ball needs to identify open spaces to move into to keep the ball away from the defenders.

Opponent: means a player on the other team. If we are an attacker dribbling we need to keep the ball away from the defender who is our opponent.



Sport Specific Vocabulary

Dribbling: is a method of moving with the ball. The attacker in possession of the ball continuously kicks the ball, keeping it close to them in order to move around the pitch.

Control: means keeping the ball close to us, preventing the defenders from gaining possession.





Physical Education

Ball Skills Feet Year 1

Unit Purpose

The unit of work will develop pupils' ability to apply effective **dribbling** skills.

Pupils will develop their understanding of why we need to be accurate when kicking (passing) a ball. Pupils will be able to **collaborate** and work together in a team.

Inspire Me

The youngest ever player to play for England's mens international football team is **Theo Walcott**, who came on as a substitute against Hungary in 2006 aged 17 years and 75 days.



Key Success Criteria

- P** Pupils will consolidate their ability to dribble the ball keeping control and moving into spaces. Pupils will develop their ability to pass the ball accurately.
- C** Pupils will demonstrate developing concentration skills as they focus on the target, their partner and the ball.
- S** Pupils will develop life skills such as fairness and empathy as they work well with others and play by the rules.
- W** Pupils will develop and apply life skills such as self belief and honesty as they strive to improve their own performance and always keep the score playing fairly.

Vocabulary for Learning

Attacker: We are considered an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of the ball or in control of the ball. Our aim is to keep the ball away from the defenders.

Defender: We are considered a 'defender' when we are not in possession of the ball. The aim of the game for the defenders is to try and prevent the attackers from scoring.

Space: is an open area on the pitch that is unoccupied by a defender or the defending team. The attacker in possession of the ball need to identify open spaces to move into to keep the ball away from the defenders.



Sport Specific Vocabulary

Dribbling: is a method of moving with the ball. The attacker in possession of the ball continuously kicks the ball, keeping it close to them in order to move around the pitch.

Passing: is a method of sending (kicking) the ball to our partner or another member of our team in order to keep possession of the ball.

Control: means keeping the ball close to us, preventing the defenders from gaining possession.





Physical Education

Ball Skills Feet Year 2

Unit Purpose

The unit of work will challenge pupils to apply their knowledge and understanding of **dribbling, passing** and **receiving** in order to **keep possession** as a team and score a point.

Inspire Me

Fara Willimas is an English footballer who is the highest capped player for her country. Fara has played at four European Championships, three World Cups and represented Team GB at the 2012 Olympics.



Key Success Criteria

- P** Pupils will be able to apply their passing and dribbling skills in order to keep possession and score a point.
- C** Pupils will focus on their partner and team members, developing an understanding of the consequences in a game when mistakes are made.
- S** Pupils will develop communication and empathy as they listen to their partner and team members and work collaboratively together.
- W** Pupils will continue to effectively apply life skills such as self belief and integrity as they strive to improve their own performance whilst playing fairly.

Vocabulary for Learning

Attacker: We are considered an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of the ball or in control of the ball. Our aim is to keep the ball away from the defenders.

Defender: We are considered a 'defender' when we are not in possession of the ball. The aim of the game for the defenders is to try and prevent the attackers from scoring.

Possession: is when we have physical control of the ball. This could be as an individual or when working as part of a team. It is when we have 'possession' that we can create the opportunity to score.

Space: is an open area on the pitch that is unoccupied by a defender or the defending team. The attacker in possession of the ball need to identify open spaces to move into to keep the ball away from the defenders.



Sport Specific Vocabulary

Dribbling: is a method of moving with the ball. The attacker in possession of the ball continuously kicks the ball, keeping it close to them in order to move around the pitch.

Passing: is a method of sending the ball to our partner or another member of our team in order to keep possession of the ball.

